§414.26

- (2) After considering public comments, CMS publishes a final notice in the FEDERAL REGISTER to announce revisions to RVUs.
- (3) The RVU revisions are effective prospectively for services furnished beginning on the effective date specified in the final notice.
- (c) Values for local codes (HCPCS Level 3). (1) Carriers establish relative values for local codes for services not included in HCPCS levels 1 or 2.
- (2) Carriers must obtain prior approval from CMS to establish local codes for services that meet the definition of "physician services" in §414.2.

[56 FR 59624, Nov. 25, 1991, as amended at 57 FR 42492, Sept. 15, 1992]

§414.26 Determining the GAF.

CMS establishes a GAF for each service in each fee schedule area.

- (a) Geographic indices. CMS uses the following indices to establish the GAF:
- (1) An index that reflects one-fourth of the difference between the relative value of physicians' work effort in each of the different fee schedule areas as determined under §414.22(a) and the national average of that work effort.
- (2) An index that reflects the relative costs of the mix of goods and services comprising practice expenses (other than malpractice expenses) in each of the different fee schedule areas as determined under §414.22(b) compared to the national average of those costs.
- (3) An index that reflects the relative costs of malpractice expenses in each of the different fee schedule areas as determined under §414.22(c) compared to the national average of those costs.
- (b) Class-specific practice cost indices. If the application of a single index to different classes of services would be substantially inequitable because of differences in the mix of goods and services comprising practice expenses for the different classes of services, more than one index may be established under paragraph (a)(2) of this section.
- (c) Adjusting the practice expense index to account for the Frontier State floor—(1) General criteria. Effective on or after January 1, 2011, CMS will adjust the practice expense index for physicians' services furnished in qualifying States to recognize the practice expense index

floor established for Frontier States. A qualifying State must meet the following criteria:

- (i) At least 50 percent of counties located within the State have a population density less than 6 persons per square mile.
- (ii) The State does not receive a nonlabor related share adjustment determined by the Secretary to take into account the unique circumstances of hospitals located in Alaska and Hawaii.
- (2) Amount of adjustment. The practice expense value applied for physicians' services furnished in a qualifying State will be not less than 1.00.
- (3) Process for determining adjustment.
 (i) CMS will use the most recent population estimate data published by the U.S. Census Bureau to determine county definitions and population density. This analysis will be periodically revised, such as for updates to the decennial census data.
- (ii) CMS will publish annually a listing of qualifying Frontier States receiving a practice expense index floor attributable to this provision.
- (d) Computation of GAF. The GAF for each fee schedule area is the sum of the physicians' work adjustment factor, the practice expense adjustment factor, and the malpractice cost adjustment factor, as defined in this section:
- (1) The geographic physicians' work adjustment factor for a service is the product of the proportion of the total relative value for the service that reflects the RVUs for the work component and the geographic physicians' work index value established under paragraph (a)(1) of this section.
- (2) The geographic practice expense adjustment factor for a service is the product of the proportion of the total relative value for the service that reflects the RVUs for the practice expense component, multiplied by the geographic practice cost index (GPCI) value established under paragraph (a)(2) of this section.
- (3) The geographic malpractice adjustment factor for a service is the product of the proportion of the total relative value for the service that reflects the RVUs for the malpractice component, multiplied by the GPCI

value established under paragraph (a)(3) of this section.

[56 FR 59624, Nov. 25, 1991, as amended at 57 FR 42492, Sept. 15, 1992; 75 FR 73616, Nov. 29, 2010]

§414.28 Conversion factors.

CMS establishes CFs in accordance with section 1848(d) of the Act.

- (a) Base-year CFs. CMS established the CF for 1992 so that had section 1848 of the Act applied during 1991, it would have resulted in the same aggregate amount of payments for physician services as the estimated aggregate amount of these payments in 1991, adjusted by the update for 1992 computed as specified in §414.30.
- (b) Subsequent CFs. For calendar years 1993 through 1995, the CF for each year is equal to the CF for the previous year, adjusted in accordance with §414.30. Beginning January 1, 1996, the CF for each calendar year may be further adjusted so that adjustments to the fee schedule in accordance with section 1848(c)(2)(B)(ii) of the Act do not cause total expenditures under the fee schedule to differ by more than \$20 million from the amount that would have been spent if these adjustments had not been made.

[56 FR 59624, Nov. 25, 1991, as amended at 57 FR 42492, Sept. 15, 1992; 60 FR 53877, Oct. 18, 1995; 60 FR 63177, Dec. 8, 1995]

§414.30 Conversion factor update.

Unless Congress acts in accordance with section 1848(d)(3) of the Act—

- (a) General rule. The CF update for a CY equals the Medicare Economic Index increased or decreased by the number of percentage points by which the percentage increase in expenditures for physician services (or for a particular category of physician services, such as surgical services) in the second preceding FY over the third preceding FY exceeds the performance standard rate of increase established for the second preceding FY.
- (b) *Downward adjustment*. The downward adjustment may not exceed the following:
- (1) For CYs 1992 and 1993, 2 percentage points.
- (2) For CY 1994, 2.5 percentage points.

(3) For CYs 1995 and thereafter, 5 percentage points.

[55 FR 23441, June 8, 1990, as amended at 60 FR 63177, Dec. 8, 1995; 61 FR 42385, Aug. 15, 1996]

§414.32 Determining payments for certain physicians' services furnished in facility settings.

- (a) *Definition*. As used in this section, *facility settings* include the following facilities:
- (1) Hospital outpatient departments, including clinics and emergency rooms.
 - (2) Hospital inpatient departments.
- (3) Comprehensive outpatient rehabilitation facilities.
- (4) Comprehensive inpatient rehabilitation facilities.
 - (5) Inpatient psychiatric facilities.
 - (6) Skilled nursing facilities.
- (b) General rule. If physicians' services of the type routinely furnished in physicians' offices are furnished in facility settings before January 1, 1999, the physician fee schedule amount for those services is determined by reducing the practice expense RVUs for the services by 50 percent. For services furnished on or after January 1, 1999, the practice expense RVUs are determined in accordance with §414.22(b)(5).
- (c) Services covered by the reduction. CMS establishes a list of services routinely furnished in physicians' offices nationally. Services furnished at least 50 percent of the time in physicians' offices are subject to this reduction.
- (d) Services excluded from the reduction. The reduction established under this section does not apply to the following:
 - (1) Rural health clinic services.
- (2) Surgical services not on the ambulatory surgical center covered list of procedures published under §416.65(c) of this chapter when furnished in an ambulatory surgical center.
- (3) Anesthesiology services and diagnostic and therapeutic radiology services

[58 FR 63687, Dec. 2, 1993, as amended at 60 FR 63177, Dec. 8, 1995; 62 FR 59102, Oct. 31, 1997; 63 FR 58911, Nov. 2, 1998; 64 FR 25457, May 12, 1999]